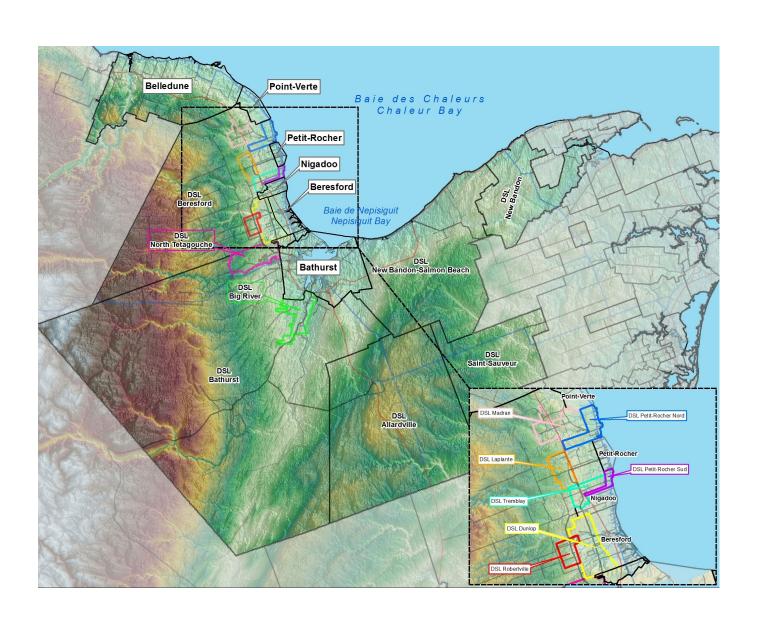
2013 ANNUAL REPORTS

A new era of regional collaboration



COMMISSION DE SERVICES RÉGIONAUX **CHALEUR**

REGIONAL SERVICE COMMISSION

Head Office and Planning Department

702 Principale Street, unit 130 Petit-Rocher, NB E8J 1V1 (506)542-2688

Solid Waste Management Department

1300, Route 360 Allardville, NB E8L 1H5 (506)725-2402

A NEW ERA OF REGIONAL COLLABORATION

The Regional Service Commissions were created to improve communica-(RSC) were created on January 1st, 2013. This new model for the delivery of regional services is intended to promote increased collaboration, communication and planning among the various communities. These commissions

tion between communities and promote collaboration on a regional scale. The communities will therefore find it easier to work together and share services in order to meet their common needs more efficiently.

WORD FROM THE CHAIRPERSON

As indicated in this report, the Chaleur region is entering a new era of collaboration. As of January, 2013, the services of the Belledune District Planning Commission and the Nepisiguit-Chaleur Solid Waste Commission have been transferred to the Chaleur Regional Service Commission. The implementation of this new service delivery model will help promote exchanges among the municipalities and communities and increase sharing of visions and common services.

Under the Regional Service Delivery Act, this new commission was mandated to provide direct services to the population, specifically in the areas of solid waste management and urban planning in local service districts and some municipalities. In addition to existing services, our commission will provide a regional forum through which its representatives can establish dialogue and collaborate more efficiently in planning emergency measures, regional infrastructures, recreation, culture and sports and in policing services through the established forces. Over the next few years, the commission will be undertaking a major exercise over a period of five years, aimed at adopting its first regional plan. This will involve joint action by members of

the commission, local administrations, the provincial government and numerous organizations who will all work together to arrive at a consensus regarding a wide variety of regional and intermunicipal issues.

Members of the executive committee, including mayors and representatives of the local service districts as well as the employees, have devoted their time over the last year to remodeling existing structures to fit the new model. 1 am proud to know that, in spite of the additional work load, there has been no interruption in the basic services and the taxpayers have continued to receive high quality service.

I therefore wish to highlight the exceptional work of the employees who have functioned with a high level of professionalism during this year of major changes. I would also like to thank all the members of the commission for electing me to the chairmanship. This has been a most rewarding year, and I hope that I was able to meet your expectations.

Daniel Guitard, Chairman

Table of content Theme of the acti- 1 vity report Word from the 1 Chairperson Mandate 2 Profile of the Chaleur Region 2-3 Strategic **Objectives** 4 Governance and Administration 4-5 Message from the Executive Director 5 Key Developments Corporate level 6 Planning Department 7-11 **RPAC** 11-13 Solid Waste Management 14-18 Organizational Annex Structure Α Report from the Annex Oversight and Support Committee Auditor's Report Annex CPlanning Annex

Department

Statistics

D

MANDATE

The Chaleur RCS is obliged to supply • the following mandatory services:

- Local planning in Local Service Districts
- Solid waste management
- Regional planning

It also has the power to facilitate and coordinate agreements between communities relating to the costs of shared services and infrastructures.

The RSC also has the authority to take on the following additional mandates:

- Local planning in municipalities
- Regional policing collaboration
- Regional planning for emergency measures
- Planning regional infrastructures for recreation, culture and sports, and sharing the costs of such installations



PROFILE OF THE CHALEUR REGION

The Chaleur RSC is made up of 6 municipalities and 4 unincorporated parishes: the City of Bathurst, the Town of Beresford, the villages of Nigadoo, Petit-Rocher, Pointe-Verte and Belledune and the parishes of Beresford, Bathurst, Allardville and New Bandon.

According to 2011 census data, the Chaleur RSC serves a population of 36,119 individuals spread out over 3,300 km² of territory. This works out to a population density of 72 people per km². In 2006, the population was 37,002 persons, which represents a decrease of 2.4 % over a five-year period. 61 % of the population resides in

the 6 municipalities and 39 % live in the unincorporated areas.

The City of Bathurst is the primary business and service centre for the region, and 34 % of the total population of the Chaleur RSC lives in that city. 12% of the population lives in Beresford. Among the unincorporated areas, the parish of Beresford is the most populous, with 18 % of the regional population, followed by the parish of Bathurst, with 14 %.

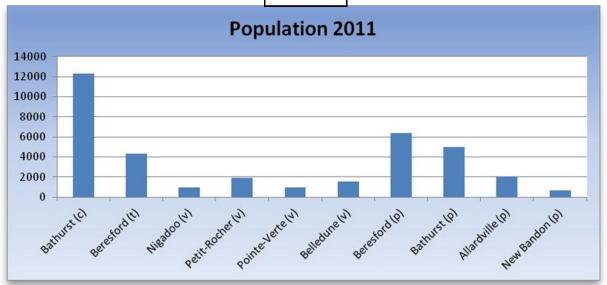
There are 17,236 private dwellings in the Chaleur RSC, with an average of 2.1 individuals per dwelling.

7	TABLE I	
		•

	Bathurst (c)	Beresford (t)	Nigadoo (v)	Petit-Rocher (v)	Pointe-Verte (v)	Belledune (v)
Population 2011	12275	4351	952	1908	976	1548
Population 2006	12714	4264	927	1949	971	1711
Variation	-3.5%	2.0%	2.7%	-2.1%	0.5%	-9.5%
% of regional population	34%	12%	3%	5%	3%	4%
Total private dwellings	6257	2067	410	938	464	851
People in private households	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.1	1.8
	Beresford (p)	Bathurst (p)	Allardville (p)	New Bandon (p)	Chaleur RSC	
Population 2011	6354	4979	2081	695	36119	
Population 2006	6301	5144	2151	870	37002	
Variation	0.8%	-3.2%	-3.3%	-20.1%	-2.4%	
% of regional population	18%	14%	6%	2%	100%	
Total private dwellings	2730	2223	909	387	17236	
People in private households	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.8	2.1	

PROFILE OF THE CHALEUR REGION

FIGURE I



The median age of the population in Gloucester County is 47.9 years, significantly higher than the provincial average, which is 43.7 years. The median age varies greatly from one community to another, from 45.2 to 53.2 years. La population of the Chaleur RSC is predominantly bilingual, with

The median age of the population in Gloucester County is 47.9 years, significantly higher than the provincial average, which is 43.7 years. The metalogue of both official languages. 60 % of the population declares that French is spoken in the home.

TABLE II

	Bathurst (c)	Beresford (t)	Nigadoo (v)	Petit-Rocher (v)	Pointe-Verte (v)	Belledune (v)	Total (v)
Median age	48.9	46.5	45.2	51.3	51.8	53.2	n/a
Knowledge of official languages							
English only	30%	7%	3%	1%	3%	75%	24
French only	7%	20%	29%	31%	40%	2%	14
English and French	62%	72%	68%	68%	57%	24%	62
Neither English nor French	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0
Language spoken at home							
English	58%	18%	8%	5%	9%	92%	43
French	39%	80%	91%	94%	89%	6%	54
Non-Official Language	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0
Multiples	3%	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2
	Beresford (p)	Bathurst (p)	Allardville (p)	New Bandon (p)	Total (p)	Chaleur RSC	
Median age	46.0	47.1	47.0	51.5	n/a	n/a	
Knowledge of official languages							
English only	3%	31%	1%	61%	16%	21%	
French only	32%	6%	48%	13%	24%	18%	
English and French	64%	63%	50%	27%	60%	61%	
Neither English nor French	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Language spoken at home							
English	8%	59%	3%	79%	29%	38%	
French	91%	39%	96%	20%	70%	60%	
Non-Official Language	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

The Chaleur RSC had its first brainstorming session on September 20, 2013. The purpose of this session was to review the commission's broad guidelines after nine months of operation and to target the main objectives for 2014, beyond the mandatory services that are already provided. This exercise allowed the Chaleur RSC to identify the following specific priorities to be targeted in 2014:

- Communications
 - √ identifying efficient methods for informing the public of its achievements

- Regional emergency measures services
 - √ implementing a regional emergency measures plan
- Community economic development
 - $\sqrt{}$ defining the mandate
- Promoting cultural wealth and diversity
 - $\sqrt{}$ defining the mandate

GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

Composition of the Board of Directors

The Chaleur RSC is composed of the mayors of the six municipalities plus four representatives from the fourteen Local Services Districts (LSD). Where the LSDs are concerned, representation is based on population and tax base ratios.

The Board of Directors is composed of the mayors and the representatives of the following LSDs:

It is with great regret that the Chaleur RSC announces the passing of a member of the Board of Directors, Mr. Sydney Sealy.

Mayor of Bathurst	Stephen Brunet
Mayor of Beresford	Paul Losier
Mayor of Nigadoo	Gilberte Boudreau
Mayor of Petit-Rocher	Luc Desjardins
Mayor of Pointe-Verte	Daniel Guitard
Mayor of Belledune	Ron Bourque
LSD representative	Normand Plourde
LSD representative	Sydney Sealy
LSD representative	Charles Comeau
LSD representative	Donald Gauvin
First LSD alternate	Gilles Bryar
Second LSD alternate	Mark Smith



GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

committees in 2013: a Technical Committee and a Oversight and Support The first provides the Committee. Solid Waste Management Services with technical consulting services. Four people sit on this committee: two members of the Board of Directors and two members from the public, appointed by the Commission. The second committee supports the Executive Director in the area of financial governance of the Commission. This committee is composed of the general managers of the six municipalities and the Local Services Manager.

The RSC has also set up an Executive Committee composed of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson and a third The Executive Committee officer. supports the Chairperson and the Executive Director in compliance with the policies and decisions of the Commission.

- · Chairman, Mr. Daniel Guitard
- · Vice-chairman, Mr. Ron Bourque
- Third officer, Mr. Luc Desjardins

The Board set up two permanent A temporary committee was also formed to write up the procedural bylaw that govern the activities of the Board and the Commission.

> The Chaleur RSC designed and programmed its own website. This website offers general information on the RSC's various services and can be viewed at www.CSRChaleurRSC.ca.

> The Chaleur RSC held 15 public meetings during 2013. The agendas and minutes of these meetings can be found on its website. The agendas and minutes of the RPAC are also posted.

> The organizational structure of the Chaleur RSC is shown in Annex A.

MESSAGE FROM THE EXECTUTIVE DIRECTOR -**JOCELYNE HACHEY**

challenges over the course of 2013. A great deal of effort was put into restructuring the two former Commissions (Nepisiguit-Chaleur Solid Waste Commission and Belledune District Planning Commission) so that their internal management systems could be reorganized without any reduction in the regularity and quality of the services provided. I would like to draw particular attention to the exemplary work of the department heads, managers, assistant managers, administra-

The Chaleur RSC faced a number of tive support personnel and all staff members who were affected by the implementation of this new model for the provision of regional services. They all performed brilliantly in facing these challenges and 1 offer them my sincere gratitude for their support throughout this last year. I would also like to thank the board members for their devotion and for the trust they have placed in me.

KEY DEVELOPMENTS - CORPORATE LEVEL

Here is a summary of the corporation's activities in 2013:

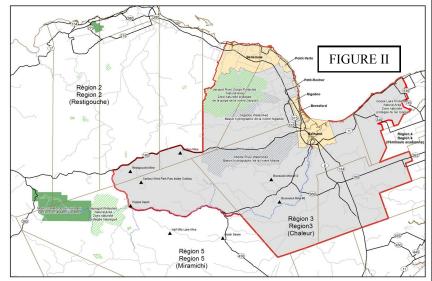
With the support of temporary committees composed of Board members, the Chaleur RSC chose its name, established a procedure for communicating with the public and the media, set up an Executive Committee, a Technical Committee and a Oversight and Support Committee. The Board also appointed an external auditor.

The Executive Director also sat on an advisory committee for the economic development of the Chaleur Region. The mandate of this committee was to develop a regional economic development plan and to advise the provincial government in matters of regional needs, economic needs and the needs of local businesses.

Several other initiatives were undertaken in collaboration with the Executive Directors of the other RSCs in the province, the objective of which was to facilitate the transition process. To this end, monthly meetings were held to build relationships with other regions, provide mutual support, promote the sharing of ideas and resources and facilitate the exchange of best practices in administration, governance and the provision of services. During these meetings, the Department of Environment and Local Government provided support at several different levels, including the implementation of the budget process, the resolution of common administrative problems in connecting with other government departments and in the application of the Regional Service Delivery Act and its regulations.

The Chaleur RSC is continuing with its efforts to modify its territorial limits. Although the Chaleur RSC recog-

nizes that the territory around the Village Historique Acadien rightfully falls under the authority of the CSR Péninsule acadienne, our RSC is still asking that the territory covered by the Nigadoo River watershed, which comes under the mandate of the Chaleur Bay Watersheds Group, and which previously was under the jurisdiction of the Belledune District Planning Commission, be ceded back to This is an uninhabited area in which all lands belong to the Crown. It is essential that the whole watershed and the Jacquet River Gorge Natural Protected Area be included in the territory of the Chaleur RSC, as they are part of its future regional plan. The second strategically important territory for the Chaleur RSC is the land along the Nepisiguit River. The economic and tourism development of this territory is the collective responsibility of several Chaleur area organizations.

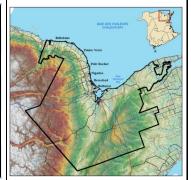


PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Planning Department Staff

The Chaleur RSC Planning Department employs the following 6 people:

Position	Employee
Director	Marc Bouffard
Administrative Assistant	Carolle Roy
Development Officer and Building Inspector	Yvon Frenette
Building Inspectors	Marcel Doiron Stéphane Doucet
Geomatics and environnement technician	Mariette Hachey-Boudreau



KEY EVENTS IN 2013

Appointment of Officers in the Planning Department

In compliance with sub-section 24(2) of the Regional Service Delivery Act, the RSC appointed Marc Bouffard as Director of the Planning Department and Development Officer for the territory of the Chaleur RSC, except for the City of Bathurst.

The RSC appointed Yvon Frenette and Marcel Doiron as building inspectors for the territory served by the Planning Department. These appointments have been confirmed by all the municipalities who are members of the Chaleur RSC Planning Department. Stéphane Doucet was appointed in the same way when he was hired in May, 2013.

In compliance with the Community Planning Act, the Director of the Planning Department delegated to Yvon Frenette the powers conferred under sub-paragraphs 35(5), 44(1) m) (i), 46

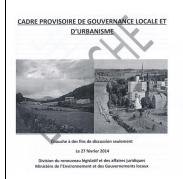
(1.1), 81(6) and 34(9) of the Community Planning Act. He also delegated to Marcel Doiron the powers conferred under sub-paragraph 81(6) of the Community Planning Act.

Reimbursement of Reserve Funds

Reserve funds set aside by the old Belledune District Planning Commission were refunded to the municipalities and the province in the name of the LSDs.

Municipal Legislative Renewal

The Director of the Planning Department sat on the AFMNB steering committee formed to discuss municipal legislative renewal in New Brunswick. This committee was given the mandate to develop the Association's positions and formulate recommendations for the provincial government as part of the renewal of the Community Planning Act and the Municipalities Act. The Director also sat on the subcommittee assigned to deal specifically with the Community Planning Act and



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

participated in meetings with his colleagues from the other commissions on this topic. At the end of February, 2014, the provincial government published its draft version of Provisional Framework for Local Governance and Urban Planning.

Subdivision By-Law

The Town of Beresford has prepared a new subdivision by-law that could be used as a model for other municipalities receiving local planning services from the Chaleur RSC.

Policy Concerning Private Access

The question of private roads and access in subdivisions was frequently discussed in 2013, not just in our region, but among other RSCs in the province. A few weeks after its creation, the RPAC declared its intention to prepare a policy in this matter that would help it make coherent decisions. In December, the Planning Department agreed to sit down with other RSCs and with representatives of the provincial government to write up a common policy in this matter. Since each region has its own ideas on how things should be done, the decision was made early in 2014 that each RSC would prepare its own policy. In its 2014 work plan, our Commission declared its intention to work on its own policy, one that would regulate the construction, design and type of ownership of private roads within a subdivision. This policy will have to be approved by the RSC in consultation with the RPAC.

Geomatics Department at the Restigouche RSC

The Chaleur RSC Planning Department negotiated a service agreement with the Restigouche RSC whereby the latter would provide assistance in installing a geographical information system (GIS). This agreement is valid for a term of 2 years.

Cartography of Petit-Rocher

The Geomatics Technician continued to collect data on the water and sewer systems in Petit-Rocher.

LSD Rural Plans

Following a meeting of the Chaleur RSC with the regional committee for the Chaleur Local Service Districts, a letter was received from the manager of local services requesting a review of the rural plans for Dunlop, Robertville, Ste-Anne, Tetagouche and Big River. After discussions with this manager, it was agreed that the Planning Department would first address the review of the Dunlop and Robertville rural plans, which would be consolidated in a single document. Once that task is completed, the RSC will then address plans for the rural Ste-Anne, Tetagouche and Big River, all three of which will be included in a single document. Thereafter, this rural plan model could be used by other LSDs who are not currently included in the review process.







PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Wetlands

The question of wetlands has also been a major topic of discussion throughout 2013. It should be recalled that the Department of Environment's first attempt to map the province's wetlands using "predictive layer" technique was unsuccessful. Even though everyone agrees that provincial wetlands should be protected, a significant number of stakeholders and citizens complained that the model presented by the province was much too rigid. The minister set up a new committee in 2011 to review this policy.

Between August and December, employees from the Planning Department met with provincial officials to discuss the methodology that should be used in revising the cartography of wetlands in the RSC territory. Each region was asked to review this map and suggest improvements and exclusion zones based on the guidelines proposed by the province. In the first step of this process, the employees proceeded to delimit urban zones and zones that were becoming urbanized. In the next step, the employees met with each municipal administrator on a one-on-one basis to establish the definitive delimitation of wetland zones.

Building Code Act

The Chaleur RSC studied the New Brunswick Building Code Act and its implications for the RSCs. At its August meeting, the RSC passed the following resolutions:

- THAT Representations be made to the appropriate authorities (Department of Post-Secondary Education, Training and Labour) so that students who receive their college degree in building technology are automatically qualified for levels 1 and 2;
- THAT the provincial government suspends the proclamation of the new Act as long as its impact on inspection department is not known, especially in those remote areas that don't have the same resources than larger planning departments;
- THAT training be offered in the Inspector preferred language. These courses could be offered in French in the northern part of the province which would help reduce travel and lodging expenses.

A letter to this effect was sent by the General Manager to the Minister of Public Security with a certified copy to the Minister of Environment and Local Government. This subject is currently being discussed on a regular basis among the RSC's general managers.

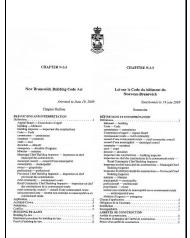
Continuous Training

In February, Yvon Frenette and Marcel Doiron attended the AGM of the NBBOA. In October, they participated in a seminar run by the FSU Hilti Firestop University.

In March, Marcel Doiron participated in a seminar run by Efficiency NB.

In November and December, Stéphane Doucet passed the examinations for two courses offered by the NBBOA that are required for level 1 certification: "The House - Building Envelope"





PLANNING DEPARTMENT

and "The House - Health and Safety". He still has two other courses to take to obtain his Level 1 certificate.

In July, Marc Bouffard attended the convention of the Canadian Institute of Planners in Vancouver.

By-Law concerning Recyclable Materials

A model by-law regulating the deposit and collection of recyclables was prepared in consultation with administrators from Petit-Rocher, Nigadoo and Pointe-Verte. The General Manager, the Solid Waste Manager and the Environment Manager also participated in the final review of the draft document. Each municipality will be able to adapt this model by-law to suit their specific needs, particularly on the question of mandatory or optional recycling.

Meetings of Directors/Province

The Planning Department Directors met in June. One important item discussed was the obligation of the planning department to appeal before the Assessment and Planning Appeal Board even if the applicant did not comply with the legal time limits in submitting his appeal. Even though the appeal is normally rejected at the hearing, much time and money is spent in appearing before the Board. The directors agree that the Board should be able to refuse to hear the case in the absence of the parties.

The directors met with Mr. David McGuire, who presented an overview of the environmental review process in NB. In cases where rezoning is required, the directors agree that the

environmental review should be done first, since the information collected could be used to support the rezoning process and provide information for the public. Only 5 % of the projects registered required a complete environmental review.

Representatives of the NBBOA also informed the directors that the provincial Building Code would soon be modified to cover barrier-free design in order to provide access to all new public buildings for persons with reduced mobility.

The directors also met with a representative of Industry Canada to discuss the procedures required in getting approval for telecommunications antennas. More and more RSCs and municipalities are dealing with the CRINS to get assistance with this process, even if, in the final analysis, it is still Industry Canada that has the last word in settling any disputes between the supplier and the authority responsible for land use.

The directors had another meeting, on July 23, with representatives from the Department of Environment and Local Government, at which the discussion centered specifically around changes that might be made as part of the municipal legislative renewal and the reform of the Municipalities Act. Some municipalities would like the new Act to take urban design into account approving urban projects (downtown, historical area, etc.). A number of suggestions were made about approving subdivision plans: process, contents, private access, etc. Some municipalities would like the Act to provide a better framework for the installation of oversized infrastructures and cost sharing with contrac-They would also like to have

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

ter to help cope with the results of be held in Fredericton from July 9 to climate change.

The directors had another meeting in Saint John in September. The role of the CRINS was again on the table. At least 6 municipal or regional planning agencies have now subscribed to this service. Another meeting was held with representatives from Fredericton to discuss the municipal legislative renewal, specifically the issue of regional plans. The next convention of

better tools for managing surface wa- the Canadian Institute of Planners will 12, 2014.

REGIONAL PLANNING ADVISORY COMMITTEE (RPAC)

The Chaleur RSC has delegated to the terms. Mr. Raoul Charest resigned his Regional Planning Advisory Committee position (RPAC) those advisory and decisional functions prescribed in the Community Planning Act and previously conferred on the Belledune District Planning Commission. This subcommittee of the Chaleur RSC is composed of 7 members representing each of the municipalities and 2 representatives for all the LSDs whose planning services are provided by the Chaleur None of the RPAC members RSC. are elected officials. Each municipality was asked to recommend one of its citizens to sit on the RPAC. The management of Capacity Building & Local Services did the same with the two representatives of the LSDs, who split the territory along both sides of Middle River.

Before the first regular meeting, the members of the RPAC sat down with the staff of the Planning Department to review powers and responsibilities.

RPAC members were appointed by the Chaleur RSC for 2 or 4-year

and replaced was Mr. Allain Gauvin for the remainder of his term.

Member	Locality	Term
Raoul Charest (until August 28)	Beresford	December 2015
Allain Gauvin (since August 28)		
Elmer Roach	Nigadoo	December 2017
Patrick Mallet	Petit-Rocher	December 2015
Rachelle Boudreau	Pointe-Verte	December 2017
Elizabeth Lanteigne	Belledune	December 2017
Lévis Roy	Unincorporated areas southeast of Middle River	December 2017
Jeannot Gionet	Unincorporated areas north of Middle River	December 2015

RPAC

RPAC Executive

The executive of the RPAC is appointed by its members. At the first regular meeting, Mr. Patrick Mallet was elected to the position of chairman, and Mr. Raoul Charest was elected vice-chairman. With the departure of Mr. Charest in August, Mr. Lévis Roy was appointed vice-chairman.

Regional Planning Advisory Committee (RPAC) By-laws

A sub-committee of the Chaleur RSC wrote up the by-laws and procedures for the Chaleur RSC RPAC. These by-laws were approved by the Commission on February 6, 2013.

In September, the section of the bylaws concerning the chairperson's obligation to vote was amended. The RPAC considers that this obligation is incompatible with the Code Morin, which stipulates that the chairperson may only vote to break a tie. The RPAC also feels that the obligation to vote may affect the impartiality of the chairperson as concerns the conduct of the meeting and the deliberations of the members.

Regular monthly meetings

The Regional Planning Advisory Committee (RPAC) held 9 regular monthly meetings in 2013, during which 32 applications from individuals were studied. These were as follows:

- Application for a temporary permit: 1
- Variances for similar and compatible usage : 2
- Variances for one zoning provision (standard): 20
- · Approval for specific purposes: 0

- Variances for a subdivision plan : 2
- Approval of subdivision plans with private access: 7
- Powers relating to noncompliant use: 0
- Refusal to exempt a document under Article 48 of the Municipalities Act: 0

The committee also studied and forwarded 8 recommendations dealing with modifications to a plan or a zoning by-law as well as the location of streets and land to be used for public purposes.

Applications for rezoning

Rezoning - Chez Boudreau, Village of Nigadoo

The Village of Nigadoo modified the zoning for "Chez Boudreau", a property located on Principale St., in order to allow the extension of a second main building that would house a physical fitness centre. The planning committee delivered a favourable opinion on this modification.

<u>Rezoning - Charles Roy, Municipality</u> <u>of Petit-Rocher</u>

The Village of Petit-Rocher rezoned the property located at 48 Rochette St. to allow the construction of a residential complex composed of two apartment buildings. The planning committee delivered a favourable opinion on this modification, subject to some recommendations concerning the landscaping and the storage of recycling bins.

Assessment and Planning Appeal Board

No appeals were heard in 2013.

It is with great regret that the Chaleur RSC learned of the death of Mr. Scott





RPAC

McGregor, who was the chairman of the Appeal Board for many years. The staff of the Planning Department has always appreciated Mr. McGregor's professional integrity and the interest he showed in the progress of land use planning in New Brunswick.

Construction activities

The Planning Department issued a total of 625 building permits in 2013, for a total value of \$19,033,900, including \$8,975,400 for municipalities and \$10,058,500 for unincorporated areas, as shown in Table 1. The number of permits issued by the Planning Department is down 11% from the preceding year and the total value of the permits is down 14%. This reduction can be explained in part by the fact that part of the territory that used to be served by the Planning Commission has been transferred to the Restigouche RSC.

In 2007, the territory of the old Belledune District Planning Commission was extended. Since then, the total value of permits issued has been around \$166 million, an average of nearly \$23.7 million per year. There was a great deal of activity in 2009 and 2010, with peaks reaching over \$30 million. Since 2011, the total value of permits issued has been holding at around \$20 million per year.

Residential construction has remained at about the same average as previous years, in spite of the closure of Brunswick Mine. In 2013, 53 new single-family homes were built on the territory served by the Chaleur RSC Planning Department: 21 units in the municipalities and 32 in the LSDs. 2 mini homes and 18 new cottage units can be added to this total. There is one duplex. There is also an apart-

McGregor, who was the chairman of ment block in Petit-Rocher. Table 4 the Appeal Board for many years. shows the number of residential con-The staff of the Planning Department structions since 2007.

A total of 22 permits were issued for work in the commercial sector, for total investments close to \$1 million. 10 industrial permits were issued for a total value slightly under \$1 million. 8 permits were issued in the institutional sector for a total value of \$597,500.

Subdivision activities

The number of subdivision plans and lots created has remained relatively stable in 2013. The Planning Department approved a total of 55 subdivision plans, creating 87 building lots and 8 parcels. Since 2007, the Planning Department has approved a total of 399 plans, creating 501 lots.

The Planning Department also approved a number of deeds of conveyance, rights of way, easements and survey plans.

Table 5 shows how the number of subdivision plans approved has evolved since 2007, with those in the municipalities compared to those in the unincorporated areas.





SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

The Solid Waste Management Department (SWMD) has undergone very few changes in spite of its amalgamation with the Planning Department on lanuary 1, 2013.

In addition to its normal daily business, some special projects have been attended to over this period: implementation of door-to-door collection of recyclables, construction of a new landfill cell and the execution of a long-term lease for the operation of a gravel pit.

Firstly, a list of the main services offered by the SWMD for citizens of the Chaleur region:

- A program of voluntary recovery of recyclables has been operating in several communities since 2006, with people depositing recyclable materials in containers located at strategic sites in the region. This program will be phased out over the next year with the introduction of a new, more efficient program.
- The progressive implementation in 2013 of door-to-door collection of recyclables using wheeled carts in three municipalities and one Local Services District (LSD). We plan to extend this service to the rest of the territory in 2014. These recyclables and the ones that are collected on a voluntary basis are transported to Red Pine, where they are stored until they can be shipped to a recycling centre.
- Since 2008, yearly special collections of hazardous household waste and electronic waste have been organized in various locations in the regions so that these can be shipped to appropriate treatment facilities. Since 2011, the SWMD

has also been offering this service in two locations in the Restigouche RSC.

- A program for the recovery of batteries and compact fluorescent bulbs has also been operating in 21 regional locations (businesses, schools, CCNB) since 2010.
- An awareness program that specifically targets students in regional schools has been up and running since 2008. In 2013, publicity campaigns were launched to advertise the recyclables collection program in several communities.
- The SWMD has, of course, been running the landfill site for the population since it opened 24 years ago. In 1995, the landfill service became available to the people of three other areas in the north-eastern part of the province: in the Restigouche RSC, in the CSR Péninsule acadienne and the Greater Miramichi RSC. This year, some communities in the Kent RSC, which used to be part of the Northumberland region, have been bringing their solid waste to the Red Pine site under a single-year agreement.

LANDFILL

Continued efforts to redirect recyclable materials are beginning to show results in decreasing quantities of waste being delivered to the landfill site. Nevertheless, most of our department's revenues and expenses are related to the waste disposal and its treatment systems.

As indicated in Table III below, the total amount of waste landfill at the Red Pine site in 2013 was slightly hig-







SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

her than the preceding year. This is In 2013, our staff efficiently managed due mostly to the reorganization of an operating budget of \$4.2 million the territories and the creation of new and capital expenditures of \$2.7 mil-RSCs, mainly in the Restigouche area.

lion. Tipping fees increased by 2\$/ metric ton (MT), rising to \$44.75/MT



Tableau	III	for regular waste, while fees for cons-				
DÉCHETS / WASTES	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Régulier / Regular	86 382 tm/MT	87 463 tm/MT	87 993 tm/MT	84 962 tm/ MT	85 817 tm/MT	
C&D	10 888 tm/MT	12 268 tm/MT	11 549 tm/MT	11 389 tm/MT	10 018 tm/MT	
Boues/ Sludge	1 357 tm/MT	1 344 tm/MT	1 197 tm/MT	1 461 tm/MT	1 393 tm/MT	
TOTAL	98 627 tm/MT	101 075 tm/MT	100 739 tm/MT	97 812 tm/MT	97 228 tm/MT	

Operating the treatment systems for leachate, surface water and biogas generated by buried waste requires constant precision monitoring and maintenance in order to comply with the standards established by the Department of Environment. The contribution of expert staff and the support of various consultants are essential to the efficient operation of our department's activities.

The monitoring program has two parts: 1) our competent in-house staff takes samples, analyzes the samples in a lab and assesses the results needed for the daily operation of our water treatment systems; 2) and, as in previous years, in compliance with government requirements, we also get third-party technical support from Pollu-tech, a local firm which is responsible for taking monthly samples, and from the Fredericton Research & Productivity Council (RPC) where these samples are analyzed.

In its Annual Environmental Report on the data collected, Gemtec Ltd. from Fredericton concluded that "In general, the monitoring program in 2013 conforms to the compliance monitoring requirements stipulated in the COA."

truction and demolition debris (C&D) remained stable at \$23.00/MT. Operating costs for the recycling program, on the other hand, was reduced by \$0.60/MT and are now fixed at \$10.80/ MT.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

Recovery of recyclable materials

In September 2012, a pilot project for door-to-door selective collection of recyclable materials, financed by the New Brunswick Environmental Trust Fund (ETF), was implemented in Petit -Rocher. This experience allowed us to develop an implementation procedure, identify glitches and find solutions. It also allowed us to show that the proposed system is viable.

In June 2013, the CRSC decided to proceed with the progressive implementation of a selective collection in all the communities in its territory and to erect a new building to increase its transshipment capacity.

In the fall of 2013, our administration gave us a clear mandate to set up the selective collection of recyclables in Nigadoo and Pointe-Verte, as well as





SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

Beach and Pokeshaw.

Awareness

Our communications begin by meeting with the municipal council or the LSD committee in the targeted region. We explain the project and the steps • that will be followed for the citizens of the area and get their feedback or comments so that we have a good understanding of the specific situation in each locality in order to offer a service that will meet their needs.

The following public information meetings were organized in 2013:

- May 29 Petit-Rocher, 56 participants
- September 18 Pointe-Verte 71 participants
- September 19 Nigadoo 64 participants
- October 16 Janeville 22 participants
- October 29 Pokeshaw 27 participants
- November 16 Clifton 95 participants

Workshops

Since 2009, we have been running composting workshops in the various communities of our region. During these activities, we teach backyard composting throughout the four seasons. We finish the activity with how to use a Green Cone digester to compost food waste.

Booths

In 2013, we set up booths during popular events. These booths allowed us to hand out brochures, answer questions from citizens and hear their comments. We had booths at the following venues in 2013:

- in the LSD located between Salmon May 3, 4 and 5 Beresford Regional industrial and commercial trade fair
 - June 15 and 16 Pointe-Verte -Atlas Park - fishing tournament -Father's Day
 - July 20 Pointe-Verte Family Day - Inflatable games
 - August 3 Nigadoo Park Sportplex - Family Day
 - August 10 Bathurst La Promenade Waterfront - EcoFair - Bathurst Sustainable Development

In the schools

Since 2008, we have organized nearly 240 activities with our school children, with a total of over 6,600 participants. In 2013, a pilot project for the collection of recyclables in the Chaleur Region English schools was initiated in collaboration with FERO Waste and Recycling and the Anglophone North School District. Front-loading containers were set up at each school for the recovery of recyclable materials.

Batteries and compact fluorescent bulbs

Our population has been making everincreasing use of the containers for collecting batteries and compact fluorescent bulbs. Please note that these containers may be moved around, since the national "Call 2 Recycle" program covers the cost of transportation and recycling of batteries. Collection points are being changed.

Household Hazardous Waste and Electronic Waste

In 2013, we took 1,919 loads of HHW and electronic waste during 8 special collections in the communities in the







SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

and electronic waste were delivered directly to the Red Pine site, as illustrated in Table IV below.

Table IV

Date	Location	Client s
2013.04.27	Pointe-Verte	90
2013.05.04	Beresford	279
2013.05.11	Bathurst	353
2013.09.14	Campbellton	256
2013.09.15	Dalhousie	291
2013.10.19	Allardville	51
2013.10.26	Nigadoo	207
2013.11.02	Bathurst	392
2013	Red Pine	74
Total		1 993

Environmental Trust Fund

The projects listed in Table V below were financed by the ETF.

7	Га	h	مما		17
	ıя	n	lea	ш	v

Year	Project	Amount
2012-2013	Pilot Project: Curbside collection of recyclables in Petit-Rocher	\$ 40 000
2012-2013	Waste reduction in schools	\$ 25 000
2013-2014	Transition to new system for collecting recyclables	\$ 30 000
2013-2014	Waste reduction in schools	\$ 10 000

STUDIES AND PLANNING

The CRSC and the New Brunswick Department of Natural Resources signed a long-term lease for the exclusi-

Chaleur and Restigouche regions. 74 ve operation of a 44-hectare gravel pit additional loads of hazardous waste located approximately 15 kilometres from the Red Pine site. This borrow pit contains several different types of high-quality gravel in sufficient quantity to meet construction needs for the next thirty years. Its acquisition, a strategic move for the control of our operating costs, became necessary when an access bridge was closed in 2011. The CRSC built a new bridge to access this gravel pit in 2013.

> In 2013, applications for financial support were submitted to the provincial and federal authorities for the completion of a feasability study on the recovery of biogas produced at the Red Pine landfill site. These efforts resulted in ACOA contributing \$30,000 to the project. Since we did not get confirmation from them until the end of 2013, the study in question could only begin in 2014.

> During the summer of 2013, the New Brunswick Department of Transportation and Infrastructure finished laying the asphalt top coat on a 6-kilometre section of Route 360 leading towards the landfill site. Work began in 2012 with a layer of chip seal. This section of the road had to be repaired because it had become unsafe for its users.







SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Please find below a list of the projects completed by the SWMD in 2013:

- Infrastructure projects mostly involving the construction of landfill cell #12 and other related work were granted, after a public call for tenders, to St-Isidore Asphalte Ltée for the amount of \$1,754,523.50 plus tax.
- A contract for the construction of a bridge over Gordon Meadow Brook to access a gravel pit was awarded, after a public call for tenders, to Roy Excavation for the amount of \$198,500 plus tax.
- The Chaleur RSC put out a public call for tenders and purchased a Cat 252 B Skid Steer Loader from Atlantic Tractors & Equipment Ltd for the amount of \$49,550 plus tax.
- The Commission purchased by public tenders a CAT D-7E Dozer from Atlantic Tractors & Equipment Ltd for the amount of \$605,000 plus tax.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my heartfelt appreciation for the excellent contribution of each member of the three teams who have been ensuring exemplary service in the development of the solid waste management depart-

A number of specialist contractors and consultants provide services that are essential to the success of certain programs. I would like to thank all these people.

Finally, the overall constant support and excellent cooperation of the general management have been both very pleasant and highly appreciated during this first year of the new administrative structure.

EMPLOYEE'S LIST Raymond Bryar, Service Manager

Dayna Carroll, Administrative Manager Claudia Gionet, Secretary Jacqueline Raîche, Scale Operator Jacques D. Chiasson, Watchman

Roger Doiron, Watchman Stéphane Robichaud, Watchan

Yanick Sirois, Environment Manager Yvon Richard, Environmental Techologist

Robert Boulay, Operations Manager

André Plourde, Operations Supervisor Sylvain Parisé, In charge of Maintenance Éric Doucet, Heavy equipment operator Conrad Larocque, Heavy equipment operator Bruno LeBouthillier, Heavy equipment operator Robert Mazerolle, Heavy equipment operator Serge Plourde, Heavy equipment operator Norbert Gionet, Operation attendent Michel Hachey, Operation attendent Marcel Mazerolle, Operation attendent Martin Noël, Operation attendent Irenée Didier Plourde, Operation attendent

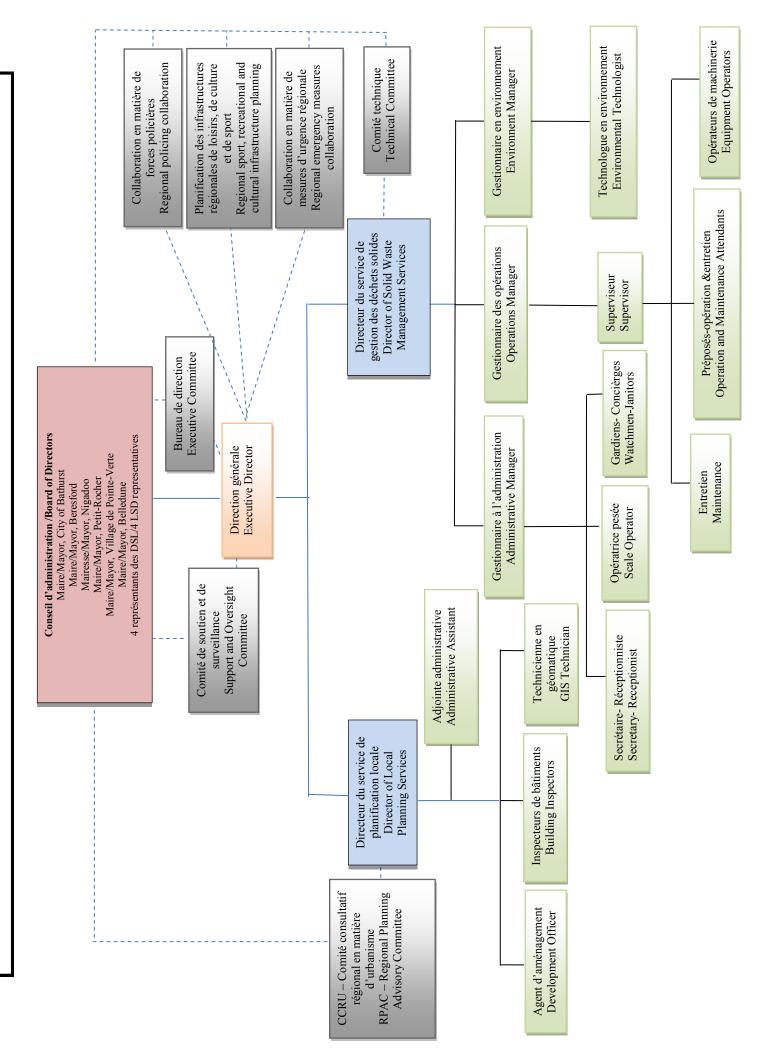
Bernard Guignard, Casual Jimmy Lee Mazerolle, Casual Marc André Plourde, Casual Stéphanie Richard, Casual





ANNEX A ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

COMMISSION DE SERVICES RÉGIONAUX CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICE COMMISSSION



ANNEX B

REPORT FROM THE OVERSIGHT AND SUPPORT COMMITTEE

COMMISSION DE SERVICES RÉGIONAUX

CHALEUR

REGIONAL SERVICE COMMISSION

Comité de surveillance et de soutien Rapport annuel 2013

Le comité de surveillance et de soutien s'est réuni deux fois en 2013. Voici un résumé des activités accomplies :

Le 25 septembre 2013 - Révision des budgets 2014 d'opération et d'immobilisation.

Le 8 novembre 2013 - Révision des soumissions reçues pour la recommandation d'une firme comptable pour les services de vérifications, de 2013 à 2015.

Le comité s'est aussi réuni le 15 mai 2014 pour réviser les états financiers 2013 vérifiés, préparés par la firme comptable EPR. Selon le comité, les finances de la Commission des services régionaux Chaleur ont été gérées en conformité avec la Loi sur la prestation des services régionaux et les normes SSCP.

Le comité de surveillance et de soutien demeure, comme toujours, à la disposition de la commission pour apporter son expérience et son expertise, lorsque requis par la commission.

Oversight and Support Committee 2013 Annual Report

The Oversight and Support Committee met twice in 2013. An overview of the activities accomplished is as follows:

September 25th, 2013 – Review of the 2014 Operating and Capital budgets.

November 8th, 2013 – Review of proposals received for the recommendation of an accounting firm for the auditing services from 2013 to 2015.

The Committee met again May 15th 2014 to review the 2013 audited financial statements, prepared by the accounting firm EPR. In the opinion of the Committee, the Chaleur Regional Service Commission's financial matters have been managed in accordance with the Service Delivery Act and PSAB standards

The Oversight committee continues, as always, to be available to the commission to provide experience and expertise where needed or as requested by the commission.

David Hughes, Président/Chairperson

ANNEX C AUDITOR'S REPORT

CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICES COMMISSION CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2013

	PAGE
INDEPENDANT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS	2
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	3
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT	4
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW	5
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	





COMPTABLES GÉNÉRAUX ACCRÉDITÉS

CERTIFIED GENERAL ACCOUNTANTS

BATHURST

1935, ave St. Peter Avenue Suite 100 Bathurst, NB E2A 7J5

Tél. / Tel.: (506) 548-1984 Téléc. / Fax: (506) 548-0904

> eprbath@eprbathurst.ca www.epr.ca

PÉNINSULE

43, boul. St-Pierre Ouest Caraquet, NB E1W 1B6

Tél. / Tel.: (506) 727-2010 Téléc. / Fax: (506) 727-2088

eprpeninsule@eprbathurst.ca www.epr.ca

INDEPENDANT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of the Chaleur Regional Services Commission,

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Chaleur Regional Services Commission, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2013, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Public Sector accounting principles, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Public Sector accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unqualified audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Chaleur Regional Services Commission as at December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Public Sector accounting principles.

EPR-Bathwet / Péninsule

EPR - BATHURST / PÉNINSULE CERTIFIED GENERAL ACCOUNTANTS

Bathurst, New Brunswick May 9, 2014

	Unaudited Budget (Note 20)	2013 Actual	
REVENUES			
General Services	\$ 45,100 \$	55,811	
Development and Planning Services	498,512	500,634	
Solid Waste Management Services	4,156,640	4,224,056	
Recycling and Composting	279,400	303,638	
	4,979,652	5,084,139	
EXPENDITURES			
General Services	195,500	194,014	
Development and Planning Services	479,068	435,954	
Solid Waste Management Services:	·		
Administration	1,926,389	1,955,352	
Operating costs	345,500	351,545	
Site maintenance	92,500	94,802	
Equipment maintenance	392,332	379,077	
Sludge	53,500	36,177	
Leachate ponds	85,000	82,109	
Waste diversion	59,000	55,845	
Recycling and composting	1,125,671	1,065,022	
	4,754,460	4,649,897	
ANNUAL SURPLUS (Note 17)	225,192	434,242	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		8,517,656	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$	8,951,898	

CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICES COMMISSION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2013

	2013
FINANCIAL ASSETS	
UNRESTRICTED	
Cash (Note 3)	\$ 945,193
Accounts Receivable	639,128
Receivable from Government Agencies (Note 4)	272,431
Investments (Note 5)	539,091
RESTRICTED	2,395,843
Assets for Education and Communication Plan (Note 6)	181,999
Funds held in trust (Note 7)	65,419
Assets for site closure and post-closure care (Note 8)	3,689,311
	3,936,729
	6,332,572
	0,332,672
LIABILITIES UNRESTRICTED	
Bank loan (Note 9)	443,474
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	620,254
Long term debt (Note 10)	2,508,000
Accrued sick leave (Note 11)	123,564
Post employment benefits payable (Note 12)	77,000
	3,772,292
RESTRICTED	199,993
Deferred revenues (Note 13)	65,419
Funds held in trust (Note 7)	3,434,464
Site closure and post-closure liability (Note 8)	3,434,404
	3,699,876
	7,472,168
NET DEBT	(1,139,596)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	04.004.000
Tangible capital assets (Note 16)	26,234,099
Accumulated amortization	(16,207,274
	10,026,825
Prepaid expenses	64,669
	10,091,494
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 8,951,898
APPROVED BY:	
	A dustinistant au
Administrator:	Administrator:

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements \mathbf{E}



CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICES COMMISSION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	2013
Annual surplus	\$ 434,242
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(2,370,490) 932,070
	(1,004,178)
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	(117,141)
	(117,141)
Increase in Net Debt	(1,121,319
Net Debt, beginning of the year	(18,277
NET DEBT, END OF THE YEAR	\$ (1,139,596)

		2013
OPERATING TRANSACTIONS		
Annual surplus	\$	434,242
Amortization of tangible capital assets	•	932,070
Receivable - General		(161,819)
Receivable - Federal Gouvernment and its agencies		(116,432)
Change in inventory / prepaid expenses		(39,338)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		28,735
Change in deferred revenue		(4,466)
Assets for Education and Communication Plan		4,466
Assets for site closure and post-closure care		(375,894)
Site closure and post-closure liability		339,651
Accrued sick leave		54,664
Post employment benefits payable		(9,700)
		1,086,179
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	\$	(2,370,490)
		(2,370,490)
FINANCING TRANSACTIONS		
Bank loan		443,474
Long-term debt		603,000
		1,046,474
INVESTING TRANSACTIONS		
Investments		(57,290)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(295,127)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		1,240,320
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF THE YEAR	\$	945,193

1. PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

Chaleur Regional Services Commission was formed on January 1, 2013, resulting from a process of reform of local governance. The Commission's role is to ensure or improve the delivery of services required for different locations, facilitate service agreements between them and facilitate regional collaboration. Mandatory services offered by CSR are regional planning, local planning in the case of DSL, the management of solid waste, emergency planning measures and the collaboration of police, planning and cost sharing of regional infrastructure for sport, leisure and culture; other services could be added to this list.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Commission are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments, as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

The focus of PSA financial statements is on the financial position of the Commission and the changes thereto. The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position includes all of the assets and liabilities of the Commission.

Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Commission are as follows:

Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures and changes in net debt and cash flow of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations and enterprises accountable for the administration of their affairs and resources to the Commission and which are owned or controlled by the Commission.

Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

Budget

The budget figures contained in these financial statements were approved by the Council on November 16, 2012 and the Minister of Local Government on January 15, 2013.

Revenue Recognition

- a) Unrestricted revenue are recorded on an accrual basis and are recognized when collection is reasonably assured. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.
- b) Other revenue is recorded when it is earned.

Expenditures Recognition

Expenditures are recorded on an accrual basis. Outstanding commitments for goods and services relating to the current year are accrued at the balance sheet date.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represent funds received for specific purposes for which the related expenditures have not yet been incured.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Financial instruments

The Commission's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, due from the Federal Government, payables and accruals and long-term debt. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Commission is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values, unless otherwise noted.

The Commission is subject to credit risk through accounts receivable. The Commission minimizes credit risk through ongoing credit management.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks and short term deposits with original maturities of three months or less.

Tangible capital assets

Effective January 1, 2011, the Commission adopted the provisions of PSA section 3150 Tangible Capital Assets. Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost of the tangible capital asset is amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

<u>Years</u>
N/A
20 - 40 years
26 - 47 years
5 - 47 years
6 - 20 years
5 years
27 - 30 years
2.5 years
28 - 43 years
27 - 47 years

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

The Commission has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Any item purchased under this threshold is recorded as an expense in the year the item is acquired. Only exception: groups of assets of a similar nature.

All grants, donations from subdivision developers and other third party contribution are recorded as income in the year the expenditure for the capital asset is incurred. The full cost of the asset is capitalized during the year the asset is substantially complete and put into use.

Segmented information

The Commission provides a wide range of services to its residents. For management reporting purposes, the Commission's operations and activities are organized and reported by function. This presentation was created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. Services are provided by departments as follows:

General services

This department is responsible for the overall governance and financial administration of the Commission. This includes council functions, general and financial management, legal matters and compliance with legislation as well as civic relations.

Environmental development services

This department is responsible for planning and zoning, community development, tourism and other development and promotion services.

Solid waste management services

This department is responsible for the provision of waste collection and disposal.

Post employment benefits

The Commission recognizes its obligations under post employment benefit plans and the related costs, net of plan assets. The Commission has a sick leave benefit as documented in Note 11 and pension plan as documented in Note 12.

3. CASH

3. CASH	 2013	
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 945,193	
4. DUE FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND ITS AGENCIES	 2013	
Canada Revenue Agency (HST refund)	\$ 272,431	



CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICES COMMISSION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. INVESTMENTS 2013 Town densit 1 22 % maturing on lab. 14 2014

 Term deposit, 1.33 %, maturing on July 14, 2014
 \$ 353,644

 Term deposit, 1.00 %, maturing on June 6, 2014
 180,370

 Term deposit, 1.32 %, maturing on November 16, 2014
 5,077

\$ 539,091

6. RESTRICTED ASSETS FOR EDUCATION AND COMMUNICATION PLAN

	 2013
Cash and term deposits	\$ 295,860
Accrued interest receivable	5,884
Payable to the general operating fund	 (119,745)
	 (115), (

\$ 181,999

As required by the Department of Environment and in compliance with the May 10, 1995 Solid Waste Agreement entered into the Commission, the Restigouche Solid Waste Corporation, the Commission de gestion des déchets solides de la Péninsule acadienne and the Northumberland Solid Waste Commission, the above amounts are restricted for the purpose of jointly establishing an education and communication plan. The Commission must obtain written authorization from the Minister of Environment before disbursing any of these funds.

The term deposits bear interest at rates varying from 0.90% to 1.80% and matures in 2014.

These externally restricted inflows are reported as deferred revenues and are recognized as revenues in the period the resources are used for the purpose specified above.

During the current year, no expenditures were incurred for the establishment of an education and communication plan.

7. FUNDS HELD IN TRUST

The Commission has entered into an agreement with Elmtree Environmental Ltd. for the operation of a hydrocarbon soil bioremediation facility. According to this agreement, Elmtree Environmental Ltd. must create a special environmental reserve fund which is to be held in trust by the Commission. The funds held in trust represent the balance of the special environmental reserve fund as of December 31, 2013.

8. RESTRICTED ASSETS FOR SITE CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE

	2013
Term deposit, 3.00%, maturing on November 15, 2018	\$ 3,675,483
Accrued interest receivable	13,828

\$ 3,689,311

The asset for site closure and post-closure care exceeds restricted liability by \$254,847 (\$218,604 in 2012). This excess represents the current year excess of revenue over expenses and will be eliminated by reducing the transfer of funds in 2014.

9. BANK LOAN

The Commission has an authorized line of credit of \$700,000 for the Operating Fund, which is unused at December 31, 2013.

The Commission has an authorized line of credit of \$2,424,000 for its Capital Fund which \$1,980,526 is unused at December 31, 2013. Approval of the Municipal Capital Borrowing Board has been obtained for the bank indebtedness reported on the Capital Fund Balance Sheet.

10. LONG-TERM DEBT

_		2013
	Municipal Capital Borrowing Board	
	Serial of 4.15% to 4.45%, maturing in December 2016, AV 60 - 2006	\$ 86,000
	Serial of 1.50% to 3.85%, maturing in November 2020, BD 52 - 2010	586,000
	Serial of 1.35% to 3.45%, maturing in December 2021, BF 47 - 2011	261,000
	Serial of 1.35% to 3.80%, maturing in November 2032, BH 48 - 2012	855,000
	Serial of 1.25% to 3.70%, maturing in November 2023, BJ 47 - 2013	720,000

\$ 2,508,000

Approval from the Municipal Capital Borrowing Board has been obtained for the above long-term debt.

2010 Issue of \$683,000:

On November 19, 2020, \$327,000 is to be refinanced for a term not exceeding ten years.

2011 Issue of \$284,000:

On December 5, 2021, \$158,000 is to be refinanced for a term not exceeding ten years.

10. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Principal payments required during the next five years are as follows:

2014	\$ 186,000
2015	\$ 189,000
2016	\$ 193,000
2017	\$ 168,000
2018	\$ 171.000

11. ACCRUED SICK LEAVE

The Commission provides sick leave that accumulates at 1.5 days per month for all full-time employees. Employees can accumulate a maximum of 240 days. An employee can take a leave with pay for an amount of time equal to the accumulated sick leave.

Upon retirement, an amount equal to 100% of the accumulated sick days up to a maximum of 6 months will be credited to an account at the current rate of pay.

An actuarial valuation was performed on the employees plan in accordance with PSA 3255. The actuarial method used the Projected Unit Credit pro-rated on service to expected usage. The valuation was based on a number of assumptions about future events, such as interest rates, wage and salary increases and employee turnover and retirement. The assumptions used reflect the Commission's best estimates.

The following summarizes the major assumptions in the valuation:

annual salary increase is 3%;

the discount rate used to detremine the accrued benefit obligation is 3.40%;

the proportion of earned sick days used each year is 28%;

termination of employment varies by individual;

no mortality assumed; and

retirement age is 60, or one year after the valuation date if age 60 or over.

The sick leave is an unfunded benefit. As such, there are no applicable assets. Benefits are paid out of general revenues as they come due.

The unfunded liability was \$68,900 on December 31, 2012; and \$93,064 on December 31, 2013. The liability for January 1, 2011 was recorded as a prior period adjustment on the adoption of PSA.

12 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE

The Commission sponsors a contributory defined benefit pension plan for substantially all of its employees, under the NB MEPP. Employees make contributions equal to 7.60% of their salary and the Commission contributes an amount equal to employee contribution amounts.

The Commission contributed \$70,000 in 2012 (estimated to have contributed \$72,500 in 2013). Total benefit payments to retirees during 2012 were \$22,900 (estimated to have been \$25,500 in 2013).

Actuarial valuations for accounting purposes are performed every three years using the benefit accrual method. The most recent actuarial valuation was prepared at December 31, 2011 and at that time the pension plan had an accrued benefit obligation of \$796,500. The Commission was in a net funded positionas follows for December 31, 2011:

12 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

	Estimated 2013
Fair market value of plan assets	\$ 917,400
Accrued benefit obligation	1,077,300
Funded status	(159,900)
Unamortized actuarial gains	(82,900)
Accounting pension liability	(77,000)

The actuarial valuation was based on a number of assumptions about future events, such as inflation rates, interest rates, wage and salary increases and employee turnover and mortality. The assumptions used reflect the Commission's best estimates.

The following summarizes the major assumptions in the valuation:

the expected inflation rate is 2.35%;

the discount rate used to determine the accrued benefit obligation is 5.50%;

the expected rate of return is 5.50%;

retirement age is 70% at earliest retirement age without reduction and remainder at age 65.

		Estimated 2013
Employer current service cost	\$	44,400
est on accrued benefit obligation ected return on assets erience loss / gain expense FERRED REVENUE ection and Communication plan		53,800
Interest on accrued benefit obligation Expected return on assets Experience loss / gain ension expense		(44,700)
Experience loss / gain		5,900
Pension expense	\$	59,400
13 DEFERRED REVENUE		2013
	\$	181,994 17,999
	s	199,993

14. SITE CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

The Commission is responsible for the continued monitoring and treatment of the site following its closure.

The accrued liability of post-closing costs has been determined based on estimated post-closing costs of \$31,539,931 (2012 - \$31,539,331), in future dollars required by the end of December 31, 2039 to fund post closure expenses.

Post-closing costs are discounted at a rate of 5.5% for a present value of \$7,839,652 (2012 - \$7,430,950).

At December 31, 2013, the remaining capacity of the landfill had been estimated at 4,025,848 metric tonnes of which 2,262,000 (2012 - 2,349,000) metric tonnes remains unused as at December 31, 2013.

At December 31, 2012, the estimated post closure liability is \$3,434,464 (2012 - \$3,094,813) of which the Commission has funded with term deposits with market value of \$3,675,483 (2012 - \$3,313,398) with mature November 15, 2018 for a surplus of \$254,847 (2012 - \$218,604).

Investment detail is as follows:

December 31, 2013
Amortized cost Fair value

Term deposit

\$ 3,675,483 \$ 3,675,483

Fair values have been determined based on quoted market rates suuplied by Caisse Populaire Chaleur.

Details of significant terms and conditions, exposure to interest rate and credit risk on bonds and term deposits are as follows:

	Interest receivable Basis	Effective rate (%)
Term deposit	at maturity	3.00 %

The maximum exposure to credit risk would be the fair value as indicated above.

In 2009, an independent study was performed to re-evaluate the site capacity, the site's remaining life and the estimated total expenditure for site closure and post-closure care. The site closure and post-closure liability was adjusted based on the new information provided by the study.

15. REPORTING TO THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK

The Commission complies with PSAB accounting standards. The Commission is also required to comply with the Municipal Financial Reporting Manual prescribed by the Province of New Brunswick. Differences in accounting policies include the methodology for accounting Tangible Capital Assets, and government transfers. PSAB also requires full consolidation of funds.

CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICES COMMISSION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16. SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

10. SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE	CAL	Land	Facilities		Fleet	imp	Land rovements	 Computer	and	Machinery l equipment	Tr	ansportation	1	Waste management	Total
Cost:															
Balance, beginning of year Net additions during the year	\$	159,089	\$ 1,286,300 -	3 \$	233,077	\$	178,710 -	\$ 25,950 -	\$	2,433,391 111,181	\$	3,111,817 -	\$	16,435,272 2,259,309	\$ 23,863,609 2,370,490
Balance, end of year		159,089	1,286,30	3	233,077		178,710	25,950		2,544,572		3,111,817		18,694,581	26,234,099
Accumulated amortization: Balance, beginning of year Add:		-	372,16	5	163,169		26,385	20,387		1,239,328		958,127		12,495,644	15,275,205
Amortization during the year		_	39,50	3	12,949		6,952	5,563		150,703		89,808		626,591	932,069
Balance, end of year	,	•	411,66	8	176,118		33,337	25,950		1,390,031		1,047,935		13,122,235	16,207,274
Net book value of tangible capital assets	S	159,089	\$ 874,63	5 S	56,959	\$	145,373	\$ -	s	1,154,541	\$	2,063,882	\$	5,572,346	\$ 10,026,825

17. RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL SURPLUS		General	Development and planning		Solid waste		Genera Operati		rve Fund Capital	Total
		General	and planning		management		Ореган	••6	Capitai	 I Utai
2013 annual surplus (deficit)	\$	(138,203) \$	64,680	\$	507,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 434,242
Adjustments to annual surplus (deficit) for funding requirements										
Second previous year's surplus		-	-		17,338		-		-	17,338
Transfer between funds										
From the General Operating Fund to the Operating Reserve Fund		-	-		(40,000)		40,000		-	-
From the General Operating Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund		•	-		(910,000)		-		910,000	•
From the General Operating Fund to the Equipment Reserve Fund		-	-		(164,132)		-		164,132	-
Long-term debt principal repayment		-	-		(117,000)		-		-	(117,000)
Allocation to Corporate services		156,530	(25,007)		(131,523)		-		-	•
Amortization expenses		-	5,563		926,507		-		-	932,070
Total adjustments to 2013 annual surplus (deficit)		156,530	(19,444)		(418,810)		40,000		1,074,132	 832,408
2013 annual surplus	s	18,327 \$	45,236	s	88,955	s	40,000	s	1,074,132	\$ 1,266,650

CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICES COMMISSION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

	General	Development and planning	Solid waste management	Total
REVENUES				
General Services	\$ 55,811	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,811
Development and Planning Services	-	500,634	-	500,634
Solid Waste Management Services	_	-	4,527,694	4,527,694
	55,811	500,634	4,527,694	5,084,139
EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	93,865	341,033	1,359,353	1,794,251
Goods and services	100,149	86,801	1,359,159	1,546,109
Amortization	-	5,563	926,507	932,070
Interest	-	-	61,301	61,301
Other		2,557	313,609	316,166
	194,014	435,954	4,019,929	4,649,897
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	\$ (138,203)	\$ 64,680	\$ 507,765	\$ 434,242

19. STATEMENT OF RESERVES		ment and Plannin al Reserve Fund	g	Solid Was General	ite M Rese	anagement erve Fund	
		Operating		Operating		Capital	 Total
ASSETS Cash Term deposits Accrued interest receivable Receivable from General Operating Fund	\$	- 193,836 - -	\$	282,511 - - 40,000	\$	- 390,883 2,608 1,114,132	\$ 282,511 584,719 2,608 1,154,132
	\$	193,836	\$	322,511	\$	1,507,623	\$ 2,023,970
LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS Payable to General Operating Fund Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	\$	193,836	\$	322,511	\$	1,507,623	\$ 193,836 1,830,134
Accumulated surplus	\$	193,836		322,511		1,507,623	\$ 2,023,970
REVENUES Transfers from General Operating Fund Interests	\$	- -	\$	40,000	\$	1,074,132 4,912	\$ 1,114,132 4,912
		_		40,000		1,079,044	 1,119,044
EXPENDITURES Bank fees		-		24		-	24
ANNUAL SURPLUS	· \$	-	\$	39,976	\$_	1,079,044	\$ 1,119,020

20. OPERATING BUDGET TO PSA BUDGET

20. OPERATING BUDGET TO PSA BUDGET	General Operating Budget	Amortization of Capital assets	Other (explain)	Transfers	Total
REVENUES					
General Services	\$ 45,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,100
Development and Planning Services	498,512	-	-	-	498,512
Solid Waste Management Services	4,156,640	-	-	-	4,156,640
Recycling and Composting	279,400	-	 -	-	279,400
	4,979,652	-	 <u>.</u>		4,979,652
EXPENDITURES					
General Services	195,500	-	-	-	195,500
Development and Planning Services	473,505	5,563	-	-	479,068
Solid Waste Management Services					
Administration	2,019,485	23,904	-	(117,000)	1,926,389
Operating costs	345,500	-	-	-	345,500
Site maintenance	92,500	-	-	-	92,500
Equipment maintenance	336,000	56,332	-	-	392,332
Sludge	53,500	-	-	-	53,500
Leachate ponds	85,000	-	-	-	85,000
Waste diversion	59,000	-	-	-	59,000
Recycling and composting	279,400	846,271	-	-	1,125,671
Transfer from General Operating Fund to Operating Reserve Fund	40,000	-	-	(40,000)	-
Transfer from General Operating Fund to Capital Reserve Fund	1,074,132	-	 -	(1,074,132)	
	5,053,522	932,070	 	(1,231,132)	4,754,460
Surplus (deficit)	\$ (73,870)	\$ (932,070)	\$ -	\$ 1,231,132	\$ 225,192

CHALEUR REGIONAL SERVICES COMMISSION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21 . REVENUES AND EXPENSES SUPPORT	1	Unaudited Budget	2013 Actual
		Duuget	Actual
GENERAL SERVICES Corporative and Regional Planning Services Other income	\$	45,100 \$ -	45,101 10,710
	\$	45,100 \$	55,811
	3	4 3,100 \$	33,611
DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING SERVICES Municipalities Other income		498,512 -	499,730 904
	\$	498,512 \$	500,634
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES			
Tipping fees	\$	3,852,802 \$	3,568,606
Commercial Construction and Demolition		- 264,000	345,969 250,344
Interest		2,500	10,225
Other income		20,000	36,090
Project - Salaries		-	12,822
Surplus of second previous year		17,338	
	er.	4 156 640 G	4 224 056
	3	4,156,640 \$	4,224,030
RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING	\$	227,114 \$	215 695
Recycling Recycling Construction and Demolition	•	14,000	215,685 10,755
Recycling - Construction and Demolition Composting		750	4,911
Education Fund		-	37,594
Recoveries and recycling material		37,536	34,693
	_		***
	\$	279,400 \$	303,638

21 . REVENUES AND EXPENSES SUPPORT (CONTINUED)	U	naudited	2013
		Budget	Actual
GENERAL SERVICES			
Meetings	\$	20,500 \$	33,360
Meeting expenses	Ψ	8,000	9,223
Salaries and benefits		108,000	93,865
Travel		6,000	3,753
Professionnal fees		17,000	15,144
Insurance		5,000	4,053
Rent		<i>3</i> ,000	3,773
Office expenses		31,000	
Office expenses		31,000	30,843
	\$	195,500 \$	194,014
	3	193,300 \$	194,014
DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING SERVICES			
Building Inspection and Planning Services			
Salaries and benefits	\$	385,004 \$	341,033
Rent		28,000	24,780
Office expenses		21,501	19,489
Meeting and Travel		21,500	14,201
Trainning		8,000	8,868
Mapping		2,000	2,148
Professionnal fees		-	8,877
Depreciation		5,563	5,563
Other			2,557
		471,568	427,516
Discusion Advisors Complete		·	
Planning Advisory Services		7.500	7711
Meetings		7,500	7,711
Travel	<i></i>	-	727
		7,500	8,438
	\$		435,954

21 . REVENUES AND EXPENSES SUPPORT (CONTINUED)	U	naudited Budget	2013 Actual
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES			
ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,338,260 \$	1,356,975
Office expenses		\$ 1,338,260 \$ 1,3 15,000 20,000 21,000 6,000 14,000 15,500 9,000 5,500 12,500 29,500 1,000 62,497 79,201 48,000 5,300 2,500 215,227 2,500 23,904 \$ 1,926,389 \$ 1,9 \$ 3,000 \$ 65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000	10,581
Office equipment			20,872
Professionnal fees			35,485
Trainning		6,000	2,315
Monitoring committee			8,298
Telephone			18,218
Advertising			5,563
Dues			3,009
Employees expenses		12,500	11,831
Interest and bank charges		29,500	16,915
Bad debt		1,000	-
Loan		62,497	61,301
Insurance		79,201	40,487
Property Taxes		48,000	51,862
Financing cost		5,300	6,416
Other expenses		2,500	2,289
Provision for site closure expenses		215,227	277,329
Freight expenses		2,500	1,702
Depreciation		23,904	23,904
	\$	1,926,389 \$	1,955,352
OPERATING COSTS			
Site			
	\$	3,000 \$	3,609
Site	\$		3,609 65,671
Site Litter Control	\$	65,000	•
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material	\$	65,000 50,000	65,671 37,224
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000	65,671
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000	65,671 37,224 53,265
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building Building and tool supplies	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000 153,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989 164,758
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000 153,000 30,000 24,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building Building and tool supplies Electricity	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000 153,000 30,000 24,000 28,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989 164,758 28,489 29,471 26,437
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building Building and tool supplies Electricity Garage - Electricity and oil	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000 153,000 30,000 24,000 28,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989 164,758 28,489 29,471
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building Building and tool supplies Electricity Garage - Electricity and oil	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000 153,000 30,000 24,000 28,000 82,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989 164,758 28,489 29,471 26,437 84,397
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building Building and tool supplies Electricity Garage - Electricity and oil BioGas Electricity and propane	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000 153,000 24,000 28,000 82,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989 164,758 28,489 29,471 26,437 84,397
Site Litter Control Purchase of granular material Contracting services Coagulant Equipment rental Building Building and tool supplies Electricity Garage - Electricity and oil	\$	65,000 50,000 30,000 5,000 153,000 24,000 28,000 82,000 3,500 12,000	65,671 37,224 53,265 4,989 164,758 28,489 29,471 26,437

21 . REVENUES AND EXPENSES SUPPORT (CONTINUED)	U	naudited Budget	2013 Actual
OPERATING COSTS (CONTINUED)			
Other			
Technical support Environmental Monitoring		15,000 80,000	24,187 67,964
		95,000	92,151
			72,101
	\$	345,500 \$	351,545
SITE MAINTENANCE			
	\$	33,000 \$	35,574
Scale	•	3,000	5,386
Utility building		5,500	2,281
		41,500	43,241
BioGas			
Methane control		12,000	16,786
Other			
		4,000	6,469
		5,000	7,740 95
SITE MAINTENANCE Building Repairs and maintenance Scale Utility building BioGas Methane control Other Ditch Roads Asphalt maintenance General site maintenance EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE Repairs and parts replacement Diesel Gas General Equipment maintenance Compactor 826G Compactor 826H Bull Dozer D7		5,000 25,000	20,471
		39,000	34,775
	\$	92,500 \$	94,802
FOLUDMENT MAINTENANCE			
	\$	24,000 \$	14,212
	Ψ	162,000	168,420
		40,000	39,582
		15,000	18,376
		5,000	2,634
		25,000	25,337
		35,000	24,734
Loader		30,000	29,450
Depreciation		56,332	56,332
	•	202 222 #	250 055
	\$	392,332 \$	379,07

21 . REVENUES AND EXPENSES SUPPORT (CONTINUED)		Unaudited Budget	2013 Actual
SLUDGE Equipment and maintenance Electricity	\$	30,000 \$ 23,500	11,333 24,844
Equipment and maintenance Electricity LEACHATE PONDS Equipment and maintenance Electricity - aerators WASTE DIVERSION Promotion and Education Collection Material and Equipment Maintenance Disposal RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING Recyclables Administration fees Collection Transfer Station Salaries Promotion and Education Supplies and maintenance	\$	53,500 \$	36,177
Equipment and maintenance Electricity - aerators	\$	40,000 \$ 45,000	42,886 39,223
	\$	85,000 \$	82,109
	\$	12,000 \$	9,540
		6,000 3,000	4,253 2,805
		2,000	2,803
	······································	36,000	39,042
LEACHATE PONDS Equipment and maintenance Electricity - aerators WASTE DIVERSION Promotion and Education Collection Material and Equipment Maintenance Disposal RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING Recyclables Administration fees Collection Transfer Station Salaries Promotion and Education	\$	59,000 \$	55,845
	•	10 000 0	10.660
	\$	10,000 \$	10,660
		137,000	100,049
		84,000 15,000	45,604 2,378
		15,400	5,380
		3,000	1,867
Depreciation Depreciation		846,271	846,271
		1,110,671	1,012,209

	Unaudited Budget	2013 Actual
RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING (SUITE)		
Compostables		
Promotion and Education	10,000	2,237
Equipment	4,000	11,058
Freight and other	1,000	407
	15,000	13,702
Environmental Trust Fund		
Pilot project Petit-Rocher	-	3,917
Waste reduction	-	5,973
Recycling transition	-	29,221
	·	39,111

Chaleur Regional Services commission Reconciliation of Annual Surplus For the year ended December 31, 2013

	C	Corporate	elopment lanning		lid Waste anagement		olid Was erating	ste Res	serve fund Capital	Total	
2013 annual surplus under PSAB	\$	(138,203)	\$ 64,680	\$	507,765	\$	•	\$	-	\$	434,242
Second previous year's surplus					17,238						17,238
Transfer from operating fund:											
to operating reserve fund					(40,000)	4	0,000				-
to capital reserve fund					(910,000)				910,000		-
to equipment reserve fund					(164,132)				164,132		-
Long term debt repayment					(117,000)						(117,000)
Amortization expense			5,563		926,507						932,070
Allocation to Corporate services		156,530	(25,007)	_	(131,523)	_					-
2013 annual surplus for Municipal accounting	\$	18,327	\$ 45,236	\$	88,855	\$ 4	0,000	\$	1,074,132	\$	1,266,550

The Chaleur Regional Services commission is a new commission which took over all assets and liabilities of the Nepisiguit-Chaleur Solid Waste Commission and the Belledune District Planning Commission

The Commission is divided in different funds, which consist of Corporate, Development and Planning and Solid Waste Management and others to come, each can have an operating and capital reserve fund

In 2012 and 2013, the expense and budgeted amount for Site Closure and Post-Closure was calculated with interest income based on 4.02%, when in actuality, the interest rate received in 2013 was 3%. This caused an adjustment of \$73,000 in the financial statements for the Site Closure and Post-Closure expense.

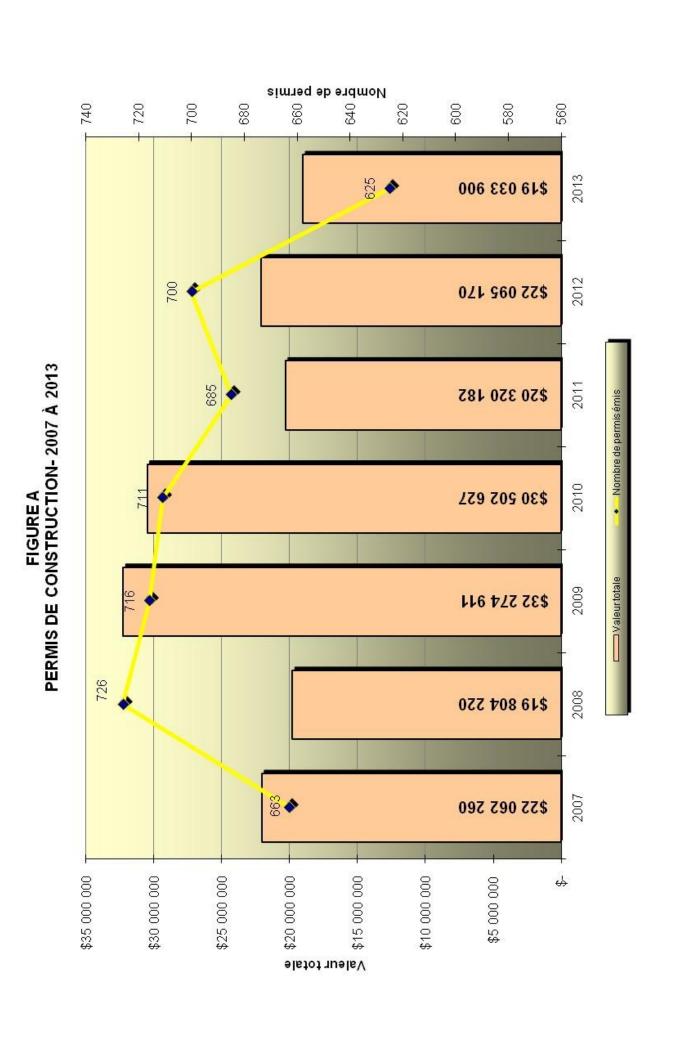
The excess of assets over liabilities for the provision of Site Closure and Post-Closure was created by the fact that the transfer was done at the gross amount as oppossed to the net of interest amount. This will reduce future transfers, but not the expense.

ANNEX D PLANNING DEPARTMENT STATISTICS

Page 1)	I age I		
(Page 1)	1 220 1	0	

Tableau A (Page 1)	·					MUN	MUNICIPALITE - MUNICIPALITY	MUNIC	JPALITY			_		
Table A		Belledune	lune	Bere	Beresford	N gi	Nigadoo	Peti	Petit Rocher	Point	Pointe Verte	 Tota	Total municipal	
		no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	
Maison mobile	Nouvelle - New	0	0	1	75 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	75 000	
Mobile home	Renovation		100	9	10 600	0	0	_	35 000	-	000 9	6	51 700	
Habitation unifamiliale	Nouvelle - New	2	285 000	13	2 038 000	1	220 000	0	0	5	000 029	21	3 213 000	
Single family dwelling	Renovation	8	116 300	48	449 300	18	191 400	38	585 100	12	122 400	124	1 464 500	
	_	-												
Habitation bifamiliale	Nouvelle - New	0	0	_	350 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	350 000	
Double family dwelling	Renovation	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	1 000	0	0	-	1 000	
Habitation multifamiliale	Nouvelle - New	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	150 000	0	0	1	150 000	
Multi family dwelling	Renovation	2	26 000	1	30 000	0	0	4	480 000	0	0	7	536 000	
	•													
Chalet d'été	Nouvelle - New	1	175 000	3	193 000	7	5 000	0	0	7	3 000	8	376 000	
Summer cottage	Renovation	2	1 200	7	42 600	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	43 800	
	_	-												
Bâtiment commercial	Nouvelle - New	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Commercial building	Renovation	2	82 000	6	425 000	1	200 000	3	92 000	1	2 000	16	774 000	
		-	000 000	<		<		-	000	•		,	000	
Factional Institutionnel	Nouvelle - New Denomination	-	000 007	0 -	000 \$	- 0	0 000 891	- T	23 000) (0	۷ <	265 000	
	NCHO V ALION	-	200	4		4	100 000	4		>			000 001	
Bâtiment industriel	Nouvelle - New	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Industrial building	Renovation	2	197 000	2	87 000	0	0	1	334 000	0	0	5	618 000	
		(
Bâtiment accessoire	Nouvelle - New Renovation	∞ <i>c</i>	30 000	24	264 100	10	120 500	11	105 300	ς o	30 200	58	693 100	
Summer of the second		1)		,		•		>				
Divers	Nouvelle - New	4	10 000	5	42 100	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	52 100	
Various	Renovation	-	500	1	30 000	0	0	1	12 000	0	0	3	42 500	
		1	00,000,		000 000	,	000		000	,	000 000	9		
TOTAL	_	2/	1 383 100	C7 I	4 043 600	30	911 /00	40	1 803 400	97	833 000	788	8 9 / 5 400	

Tableau A (page 2)					PAROI	SSE -	PAROISSE - PARISH					_			
Table A		 Bath	Bathurst	Beresford	ford	Du	Durham	All	Allardville	New]	New Bandon	Total Total	Total paroisse Total parish	GRAN	GRAND TOTAL
		no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	g .	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)	no.	val.(\$)
Maison mobile	Nouvelle - New	- 0	20 000	0	0 009 C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	20 000	2 2	95 000
Modue nome	Nellovation	>		4	12 000	>		1	0.57			Û	000 71	71	050 +0
Habitation unifamiliale	Nouvelle - New	6	1 366 000	18	2 884 000	0	0	3	448 000	2	368 000	32	2 066 000	53	8 279 000
Single family dwelling	Renovation	48	697 350	74	894 900	0	0	28	280 100	4	201 000	51 4	2 073 350	278	3 537 850
	;		<	•	•	<		(<	c	<	c	<		000 050
Habitation bitamiliale Double family dwelling	Nouvelle - New Renovation	0	0	0 7	25 000	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	2	25 000	3	26 000
•															
Habitation multifamiliale	Nouvelle - New	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	150 000
Multi family dwelling	Renovation	0	0	1	40 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	40 000	8	576 000
Chalet d'été	Nouvelle - New	3	145 000	4	83 000	0	0	0	0	3	252 000	10	480 000	81	856 000
Summer cottage	Renovation	4	39 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5 400	9	44 400	15	88 200
				•	•	•		-							
Bâtiment commercial	Nouvelle - New	0	0	_	48 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	48 000	1	48 000
Commercial building	Renovation	-	160 000	2	13 000	0	0	2	17 000	0	0	5	190 000	21	964 000
		,		ŀ	,										
Bâtiment institutionnel	Nouvelle - New Penevation	0 -	0 86 500	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	- 0	20 000	0 0	0 0	1 -	20 000	e 4	352 500
		1		>	>	>						•		,	
Bâtiment industriel	Nouvelle - New	2	323 000	2	42 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	365 000	4	365 000
Industrial building	Renovation	1	7 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7 000	9	625 000
	;	,	000 000		007 700		(-	005 071	,	002.80	G	1517 400		00000
Batiment accessoire Accessorv buildinσ	Nouvelle - New Renovation	2	14 500	27	855 400 44 500	0 0	0	4 0	006 691	o 0	24 500	99 14	59 000	157	2 209 300
				!		,								ì	
Divers	Nouvelle - New	1	4 000	1	1 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5 000	11	57 100
Various	Renovation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	42 500
		10		17								33			19 033
TOTAL		0	3 349 350	4	4 923 400	0	0	49	934 850	14	850 900	7	10 058 500	625	006



Total FIGURE B CONSTRUCTION RÉSIDENTIELLE - 2007 À 2013 Régions non-incorporées / Unincorporated areas Municipal Municipal Nombre d'unités construites

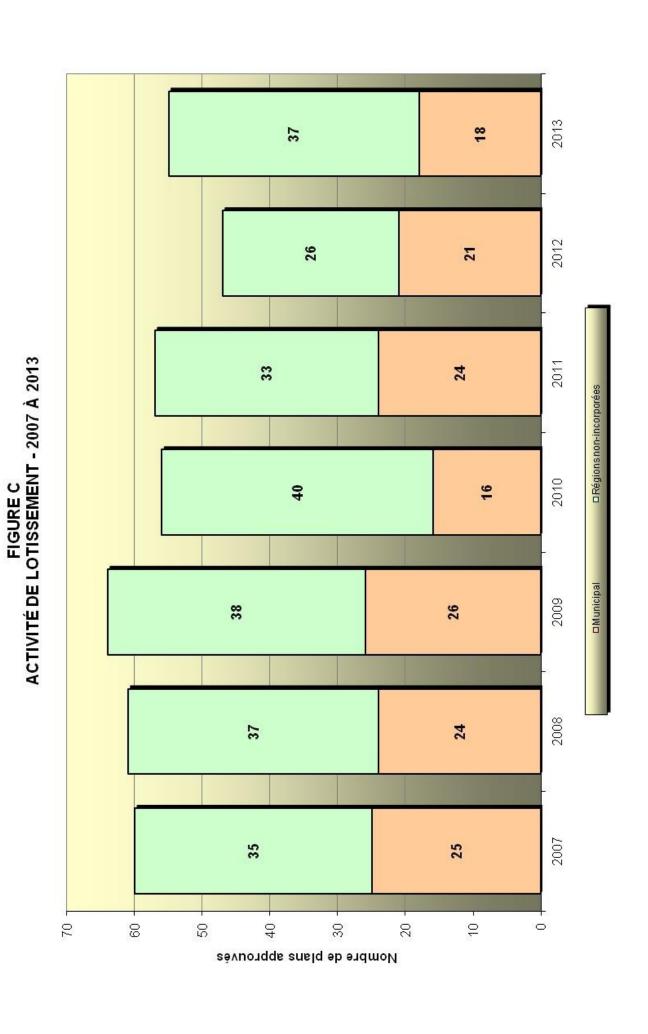


TABLEAU B

		2013		DEPUIS / SI	NCE 2007
	PROJETS/ PROJECTS	LOTS	PARCELLES/ PARCELS	PROJETS/ PROJECTS	LOTS
MUNICIPAL					
Belledune	1	1	0	26	29
Beresford	11	28	2	67	124
Nigadoo	1	1	0	19	23
Petit-Rocher	3	5	0	33	34
Pointe-Verte	2	2	0	8	5
TOTAL MUNICIPAL	18	37	2	153	215
PAROISSES / PARISHES					
Bathurst	10	11	2	63	78
Beresford	22	33	6	108	135
Durham	0	0	0	14	15
Allardville	4	5	0	43	40
New Bandon	1	1	0	18	18
TOTAL PAROISSES / PARISHES	37	50	8	246	286
TOTAL DISTRICT	55	87	10	399	501

TABLEAU C

				DE L'AGENT PMENT OFF							
	MUNICI	PALITÉS	- MUNICIPA	ALITIES		PAROIS	SSES - PAI	RISHES			TOTAL
AVIS / VIEWS	Beresford	Nigadoo	Petit-Rocher	Pointe-Verte	Belledune	Bathurst	Beresford	Durham	Allardville	New Bandon	
Plan municipaux, Zonages / Municipal Plan, Zonings	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
APPROBATIONS / APPROVALS											
Dérogations (marges de recul, etc) / Variances (set backs etc)	3	3	3	1	3	3	4	0	0	0	20
Pouvoir en matière d'usage non conforme/ Power re. Non conforming uses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fins particulières / Particular purposes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dérogation à titre d'usages similaires et compatible /Variance as a similar or compatible uses	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Permis temporaires / Temporary Building Permits	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
LOTISSEMENTS / SUBDIVISIONS											
Emplacements et noms de rues / Street locations and names	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
Lots sur accès privés / Lots on private accesses	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	7
Dérogations (dimensions des lots) Variances (lots dimensions)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	7	7	5	1	5	5	8	0	0	2	40